Entrepreneurs

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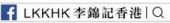
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會長序言 Message from the President

立法會內外 Inside LegCo

80 專題 Focus

香港支柱產業發展新趨勢 New Development Trends in Hong Kong's Key

22 廠商會第 42 屆會董會 CMA 42nd General Committee

> President Dr Allen Shi: Navigating Through Crisis and Embracing the New Era of National Development

一副會長上任感言 Message from Vice Presidents

42 息息商關 Business Broadband

^し港品牌走進大灣區 Entering the Greater Bay Area Market

重新發掘「香港品牌」優勢 Hong Kong Brand Power Still Has Strength

2021年國際新格局 International Outlook for 2021

54 文化消閒 Lifestyle

└ 8 0 後姊妹花 活化凸版印刷工藝 The Printmaking Sisters: Reviving the Art of Letterpress

60 新聞快訊 News

65 活動快拍 Activity Snapshot

68 活動預告 Upcoming Events











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攻堅克難 迎新而上!

Overcoming Difficulties and Grasping Opportunities in the Coming Year!

文 年依始,我謹代表廠商會新一屆會董會,恭祝各位《企業雄才》的讀者身體健康!事事順景!

長達逾年且不斷反覆的疫情令 企業百般折騰,結業潮在第四季更 有擴大跡象。廠商會已多次在不同 渠道提出警示,指許多中小企已面 臨存亡的臨界點,亟待支援。當 然,我們理解公共資源有限,政府 難以再推行大範圍抗疫支援措施, 但我們仍希望,當局可以精準地投 放資源於真正有需要的領域和行業 上,特別是備受貿易戰和環球市場 低迷等多重打擊、但未能在近幾輪 抗疫措施之中受惠的製造業和進出 口貿易業,為他們制訂針對性的解 困措施;此外,政府亦應在這艱難 時刻, 暫緩所有可能會增加營商成 本之政策的進行工作,例如最低工 資、增加勞工假等,留待經濟重拾 正軌後再從長計議。

雖然今年開局並不理想,但反 令我們更有決心破局求變,為業界 分憂解困。未來三年,廠商會會繼 續推動業界融入國家的發展,把 握、發掘和創造筒中的機遇,特別 是「內循環」的商機。對於近年飽 受外部環境不斷惡化所衝擊的港商 來說,擁有14億人口、零售總額 超過41萬億元人民幣的內地市場, 是我們全力押注的重點市場,但要 搶灘成功,企業必須在發展策略和 管理思維上作出根本的改變,並加 緊邁向高品質、高增值和品牌化的 發展路線,才能贏得國內消費者的 青睞。我們明白企業在這蛻變的過 程中,必然有不少掙扎,廠商會定 必作出扶持。

作為廠商會新任會長,我今後 定當悉力以赴做好各項工作,繼往 開來,為業界發聲、為各項影響工 業和社會發展的策略出謀獻策。在 此,我希望各位能支持廠商會,與 我們一同攜手前進,走出困局,開 拓新的發展機遇。

On behalf of the 42nd term of CMA General Committee, I would like to wish all readers of *Hong Kong Entrepreneurs* good health and the best of everything!

There is no doubt that 2021 will be a challenging year. In fact, Hong Kong's GDP shrank 3.5% year-onyear in the third quarter last year and rebounded by 2.8% compared with the second quarter. The good news of the COVID-19 vaccines being ready for rollout has made everyone believe that, while the economy has bottomed out, it can be expected to recover gradually. Nonetheless, the fourth wave of the pandemic and the even more stringent social distancing measures have utterly disrupted the pace of recovery. At the same time, surge in virus and the new variants are also threatening the recovery in other countries. The December PMI slumped again, signalling a renewed deterioration of business conditions and renewed worries about the ongoing pandemic.

The year-long and repeated waves of the pandemic have resulted in major disruptions to companies in every possible way, and the wave of business closures has shown signs of further expansion in the fourth quarter. CMA has repeatedly raised warnings through different channels, stating that many SMEs have already come to a critical point of survival and urgently require support. We understand that public resources are limited, and it is difficult for the government to implement further large-scale anti-pandemic support measures. However, we still hope that the authorities can allocate some of the

resources to industries with genuine needs, especially the manufacturing and trading sectors, as they have been impacted the most by the trade wars and global market downturn, but have yet to benefit from the recent rounds of anti-pandemic measures. In addition, the government should postpone the execution of all possible policies that might increase business operation costs, such as new minimum wages, increasing statutory holidays and so on. Such policies should only be discussed after the economy is back on track.

Apart from short-term financial aid, what the industry needs most is the removal of travel restrictions. When the pandemic is brought under control, the government should carry out discussions with Guangdong Province and Macau to gradually relax the quarantine restrictions on people who meet specific requirements.

Hong Kong is the place with the highest number of repeated outbreaks in the world, with each of them triggered by external cases. This indicates that the government's efforts in preventing imported cases have been inadequate. CMA once again urges the authorities to improve its efficiency in the fight against the pandemic, especially as it relates to blocking the entry of the virus, tracing the contacts and stopping the transmission chain. As long as there are gaps in oversight, the pandemic will easily resume, rendering the painful price endured by enterprises and citizens alike in vain.

Although 2020 has been full of hurdles, it has made us more determined than ever to change and support the industries. In the next three years, CMA will continue to promote the integration of the manufacturing industry with state developments and to seize business opportunities related to the internal circulation of economic growth. For Hong Kong businesses that have been hit by the deteriorating external environment in recent years, the Mainland market is considered vital, since it is home to a population of 1.4 billion with total annual retail sales of more than RMB 41 trillion. To enter the market, the development strategies and

management thinking of businesses require fundamental changes, and they need to step up to move toward high quality, high added value and branding development to fulfil the market's demands. We understand that companies will encounter a series of struggles in this process of transformation, and CMA will provide all necessary support and assistance to our member companies.

Digitisation is another major trend in corporate development. Aside from dominating future sales models and customer relationship management, it is also the key to "re-industrialisation". Therefore, CMA will be focused on assisting traditional industries, including Hong Kong-funded enterprises operating in the Greater Bay Area, to use scientific research results and advanced technologies to achieve upgrades and transformations. Furthermore, CMA will urge the government to take the lead in promoting breakthroughs in key technologies for different manufacturing industries, thus triggering an upgrade for the entire sector.

As the new CMA president, I will perform my duties faithfully and do my utmost in each and every task. I shall also be a voice for the industry and provide suggestions and strategies that affect the development of the business community and society. I hope all of you can continue to support CMA and work hand in hand with us to overcome predicaments and explore new development opportunities for the industry.

建主德

史立德博士 Dr Allen L T Shi BBS MH JP





在「變局」與「契機」中 沉著應戰

吳永嘉議員 BBS JP 廠商會立法會代表

在香港融入大灣區發展這個歷史「新契機」面前,只有認清香港與內地是在同一條船上,堅實地將香港與內地的利益扣鈎,這樣才能找到香港未來的出路。我想說,香港那些別有用心的人與其浪費

時間,處處質疑、事事反對,何不攜手為香港、為大 灣區出謀獻策,提出一些務實理性的建議呢?

面對國際經貿大變局,立法會日前成立振興香港經濟事宜小組委員會,東責檢討及研究振興香港經濟事包括政策目標、配義支援措施、執行情況等時標,配為委員會主席,本人希望特區政府和業界可審時勢,關注、洞察並及早應對「後疫情時代」國際產業的工和供應鏈體系的重構與演化,因時制宜地推進「另一方面亦為國家未來的發展發揮特殊的作用。

渡過了漫長的庚子年,終於迎來了新的一年。值 此機會,祝願各位讀者、先進、朋友們豐盛人生、順 遂安康!





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香港支柱產業 發展新趨勢 New Development Trends in Hong Kong's Key Industries

在新冠肺炎疫情下,香港多個產業都受到嚴重衝擊,作為香港經濟四大支柱產業的旅遊業和貿易及物流業更是首當其衝;在嚴格的邊境限制和社交距離措施下,香港旅遊業步入寒冬,而疫情居高不下,加劇環球經濟衰退,亦為貿易業帶來重大挑戰。

揮別 2020 年,廠商會行政總裁楊立門在廠商會社交頻道 Hashtag CMA的節目《Talk Shop》分別與香港旅遊發展局主 席彭耀佳博士和香港貿易發展局總裁方舜文對談,一同探討香港在 疫情後該如何重新定位,轉危為機。

Multiple industries in Hong Kong have been heavily impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic. Of its four key industries, tourism, trading and logistics have borne the brunt of the impact. Due to strict border restrictions and social distancing measures, tourism has been brought to a near standstill. Meanwhile, the ongoing outbreak has plunged the global economy into recession, which has brought serious challenges to the trading industry.

Looking into 2021, Mr Raymond Young Lap Moon, CEO of the Chinese Manufacturers' Association of Hong Kong (CMA), Dr Pang Yiu Kai, chairman of Hong Kong Tourism Board (HKTB), and Ms Margaret Fong Shun Man, executive director of the Hong Kong Trade Development Council (HKTDC) discussed how Hong Kong should reposition itself after the epidemic and turn crisis into opportunity on the talk show series Talk Shop on CMA social media channel Hashtag CMA.

楊:楊立門 Young: Raymond Young 彭:彭耀佳 Pang: Pang Yiu Kai 方:方舜文 Fong: Margaret Fong



彭耀佳 Dr Pang Yiu Kai 危中思變 重塑旅遊業定位

Crisis as an Opportunity to Change and Reposition the Tourism Industry

疫情過後,旅遊業將會出現大洗牌,競爭會更 趨激烈,我們必須思考如何為香港建立旅遊品 牌,爭取旅客重臨。

After the epidemic, there will be a major reshuffling of the tourism industry, and competition will become ever more intense. As such, we must consider how to develop Hong Kong's tourism brand to win back tourists.

港素來有「旅遊天堂」的美譽,每年吸引幾千萬人次旅客訪港,但在疫情打擊下,2020年訪港旅客暴跌99%,危及數以十萬名從業員的生計。面對這股史無前例的寒冬,彭博士領導的旅發局轉以線上形式,維持香港的國際曝光,同時探索旅遊品牌定位,為疫後重啟旅遊業做好準備。

楊:香港疫情反覆不穩,在第四波疫情下, 旅遊業界再次陷入水深火熱中,在這個艱難 時刻,旅發局有何措施帶領香港走出困局?

彭:疫情何時完結尚未知曉,這段時間,旅發局首要希望推動香港人消費;香港人習慣在假期出國旅遊,但其實香港有很多不錯的景點和設施,是本地人不曾去過的,因此旅發局推出了「旅遊·就在香港」,並製作影片,介紹各式各樣的本地旅遊行程,鼓勵香港人「做自己的旅客」。

另一方面,我們將旅遊推廣項目移師至線上舉行, 希望透過不斷製造話題,保持外國旅客對香港的 關注和熱愛,吸引他們在疫情過後再次到訪香港。

楊:陸續有新冠疫苗面世,為重啟經濟帶來曙光,你認為疫情後的旅遊新常態是怎樣?旅遊業界和相關部門應如何加強旅客對香港防疫工作的信心?

彭:在疫情消退初期,旅客出於安全考慮,多會傾向到鄰近地區旅遊,而香港的地理位置優越,4個小時的航程可涵蓋全球一半的人口。所以未來我們會先以短途客為主,與一些疫情受控的東南亞或亞洲國家建立「旅遊氣泡」,再慢慢與其他國家聯繫。

另外,旅客會對商店、養廳、酒店等旅遊設施的衛生情況十分重視,因此我們與香港品質保證局合作,制定統一的衞生防疫指引,免費讓業界參與。通過審核的商號會獲發計劃標誌,旅客看見會玩得更安心。

楊:現時香港旅遊業固然面對很大的挑戰,但同時亦給予我們空間重新思考香港旅遊業的新定位。當疫情退卻,你認為香港旅遊業該何去何從?

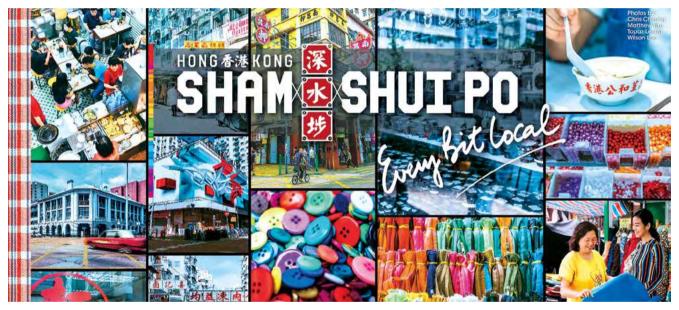
彭:為了刺激經濟復甦,每個國家和城市在疫情消退後,一定會積極爭取旅客重臨,甚至以減價促銷來爭奪客源。可以預期,未來旅遊業界的競爭會更加激烈,香港必須要主動求變。為此,旅發局正與國際品牌顧問公司重新構思香港旅遊業的品牌定位。

與此同時,我們亦正思考如何加強與大灣區其他城市合作,為香港旅遊業界增值。其中一個方向是發展可程多站」的旅遊模式;香港是大灣區內的國際交極組,我們的構思,是以香港作為行程的起點,最後密香港旅遊後,再轉往大灣區內地城市的旅遊部門緊密聯大灣區內地城市的旅遊部內來大灣區於遊。

楊:我認同,能與內地加強合作,將會對香港旅遊業發展帶來很大幫助。但經歷過社會事件後,可能會令內地旅客有所顧慮,擔心香港市民未必會像以前歡迎他們到來。我們該如何化解當中矛盾?

彭:當旅遊重啟的時候,我們的推廣活動會先集中在內地的高端客群,這些旅客大多以自由行形式來旅行多在較高檔的酒店和店舖住宿和消費,亦很少會居民行李來買「水貨」,不會過度集中在同一地區為居民造成壓力。事實上,隨着交通配套愈來愈成熟,內人上,就好比昔日香港人愛到深圳、廣州大是靠旅遊業維持生計。

另一方面,我們亦會推動「會議、展覽及獎勵旅遊」(MICE),因為該客群的消費能力高。旅發局已設立了基金,透過資助鼓勵機構舉辦國際性的會議,吸引更多MICE客源。



旅發局近年針對社區的歷史和文化特點,推出不同的深度旅遊項目 The HKTB has launched various in-depth district tourism campaigns based on the historical and cultural characteristics of the community

楊:沒錯,吸引更多高增值的旅客來港,對香港經濟很有幫助,但畢竟香港地方小,來來去去也可能只有數個旅遊景點,你有何構思為香港增加新的景點?

彭:的確,人造景點是需要有長的時間和投放大量的資源打造,但其實香港還有很多旅遊資源,包括優美的山景、離島、海灘等。在地區層面,亦有很多文化設施蘊含豐富的歷史和傳統元素,加上香港獨特的美食文化,都可以為訪客提供新鮮的旅遊體驗。

事實上,來自不同地區的旅客,他們的喜好各有不同;例如內地旅客喜歡購物、品嚐美食和嘗試新事物,而外國旅客則可能較喜歡大自然和體驗中華文化。未來我們會針對不同客源的需要和喜好,設計合適的推廣項目。

ong Kong has always enjoyed a reputation as a tourist paradise that attracts tens of millions of visitors a year. However, arrivals to Hong Kong plummeted by 99% in 2020 during the COVID-19 pandemic, endangering the livelihood of hundreds of thousands of employees in the tourism industry. In the face of such an unprecedented recession, the HKTB focused on maintaining Hong Kong's international exposure using online platforms. The HKTB has also commenced a review of Hong Kong's tourism brand to prepare for the industry's post-pandemic recovery.

Young: With the fourth wave of the pandemic underway in Hong Kong, the tourism industry finds itself in dire straits. At this difficult time, what can the HKTB do to lead the industry out this predicament?

Pang: When the pandemic will end remains a puzzle. During this period, our primary objective is to boost local consumption. Hong Kong people are used to travelling overseas during the holidays, but there are many great attractions and facilities in Hong Kong that locals have never been to. Given that, the HKTB has launched the "Holiday at Home" campaign and produced a variety of videos mapping out routes for residents to explore unique local travel attractions and to encourage Hong Kong people to be tourists of their own city.

At the same time, we continue to execute our tourism promotion projects through online channels, hoping to maintain foreign tourists' interest in Hong Kong by constantly creating topics that will attract them after the epidemic.



彭耀佳認為,香港除了主題樂園外,亦有很多旅遊資源,為訪客 提供新鮮的旅遊體驗

Dr Pang believes that in addition to theme parks, Hong Kong also has many tourism resources to provide visitors with compelling travel experiences

Young: As COVID-19 vaccines are rolled out, there's hope for getting the economy to start moving again. What do you think the industry's new norms will be after the pandemic? What should the tourism industry and relevant authorities do to strengthen tourists' confidence in Hong Kong's epidemic prevention efforts?

Pang: In the early stage of recovery, tourists will tend to travel to neighbouring cities due to safety concerns. A four-hour flight from half the world's population, Hong Kong's excellent geographical location makes it the preferred short-haul travel destination of the future. Therefore, we will focus on the short-haul travel markets, establishing tourism bubbles with Southeast Asian or Asian countries where the epidemic is under control and then make connections with other countries gradually.

Tourists also value the hygiene standards at tourist facilities, such as shops, restaurants and hotels. Therefore, we have launched a standardised hygiene protocol in partnership with the Hong Kong Quality Assurance Agency to encourage tourism-related businesses to participate for free. Qualified businesses and outlets can display a designated logo to strengthen visitors' confidence in travelling to Hong Kong.



香港旅遊發展局主席彭耀佳(左)與廠商會行政總裁楊立門(右)詳談疫後旅遊業趨勢和新定位

Dr Pang, chairman of the HKTB (left), and Raymond Young, CEO of the CMA (right), talked about tourism trends and new positioning after the epidemic

Young: Though Hong Kong's tourism industry is currently facing great challenges, it also has space to review its positioning. When the epidemic subsides, what approach do you think the industry should focus on?

Pang: In order to stimulate economic recovery, every country and city will strive to have tourists return after the pandemic recedes and even resort to the promotion of price reductions to compete for visitors. Competition in the industry will become more intense in the future, and Hong Kong's industry must always be ready to change. The HKTB is currently working with an international brand consulting company to redefine the industry's brand positioning.

Meanwhile, we are also exploring on how to strengthen cooperation with other Mainland cities in the Guangdong-Hong Kong-Macau Greater Bay Area (GBA) so as to further add value to the industry. One of the approaches is to promote multi-destination tourism. As an international transportation hub in the GBA, we want to position Hong Kong as the starting point of every itinerary. After enjoying the city's beauty and amazing sights, tourists can visit other cities in the GBA and end their trip back in Hong Kong. We have been in very close communication with tourism departments of cities in the GBA to develop diversified tourism products, and encourage tourists to travel around the GBA.

Young: I agree that strengthening cooperation with the Mainland will greatly help the development of Hong Kong's tourism industry. However, after seeing the social movements and turmoil, Mainland tourists might be concerned that Hong Kong may not welcome them as before. How can we resolve this issue?

Pang: When cross-boundary travel resumes, our promotional campaigns will focus on high-yield Mainland visitors. High-yield visitors usually visit Hong Kong as independent travellers. They enjoy staying in luxury hotels and making high-end consumptions. High-yield visitors are not common parallel-goods traders that will concentrate in one district, which puts pressure on local residents. With improved

transport facilities, Mainland visitors to Hong Kong looking to shop and explore are like local residents who loved visiting Shenzhen and Guangzhou to shop in the past. The public needs to understand that tourism is very important, as it employs over 800,000 people in Hong Kong.

At the same time, we will step up efforts to promote the Meetings, Incentives, Conferencing, and Exhibitions (MICE) tourism, as MICE visitors have more spending power than ordinary visitors. The HKTB has established a fund to provide financial incentives to encourage organisations to hold international conferences in Hong Kong to attract more MICE visitors.

Young: Attracting more high-yield visitors will definitely help improve Hong Kong's economy. Nonetheless, Hong Kong is a small city, and there are just a few tourist attractions. What are your ideas for adding new attractions?

Pang: Indeed, building man-made attractions requires lots of time and resources. But in fact, Hong Kong has many natural resources, including beautiful landscapes, outlying islands and beaches. At the district level, there are also many cultural facilities well endowed with historical and traditional elements, to say nothing of Hong Kong's unique food culture, which can provide visitors with a refreshing travel experience.

In fact, visitors from different regions have different preferences. For example, Mainland tourists like shopping, food and cuisine, and trying new things, while foreign travellers enjoy the beauty of nature and experiencing Chinese culture. In the future, we will design suitable marketing campaigns to cater to the needs and preferences of different visitor segments.





方舜文 Margaret Fong

擁抱「數碼化」及「多元化」

開拓新機遇

Embrace Digitalisation and Diversification to Explore New Opportunities

過去 12 個月,香港以至全球經濟都受到很大衝擊,企業、特別是中小企都需留意市場的發展新趨勢,尤其是「數碼化」和「多元化」。 In the past 12 months, Hong Kong and the global economy have suffered major hits. Enterprises, especially SMEs, must pay attention to new development trends in the market, in particular digitalisation and diversification.



易及物流業為香港四大支柱產業之首,對香港經濟貢獻重大。但在過去3年, 危機接踵而來;先是中美貿易戰、然後是社會事件和新冠疫情。貿發局總裁 方舜文認為,疫情徹底改變業界的生態,企業必須求變,以適應市場轉變。

楊:新冠疫情令全球經濟活動受阻,以你觀察,疫情對工商界的行業生態帶來什麼轉變?

方: 今次疫情,讓大家深刻體會到「變幻原是永恆」;以往很多企業、尤其是中小企,專注於實體業務、或者只在固定的市場發展。但在疫情下,一些習慣參加實體展覽爭取訂單的企業,需要適應「數碼化」的營運模式和參與網上展覽。另一方面,由於歐美經濟仍需要一段較長的時間復甦,一些原本放眼海外市場的企業,亦需要開拓新市場,朝多元化發展。

貿發局 2020 年舉行了多次網上展覽,參展商反映真的能做到生意,而且可以接觸到一些來自以往未曾合作過的國家的新客戶,擴闊了客源。

楊:在這裡都想分享一下廠商會的經驗;廠商習慣了 每年參加實體的工展會,但因為疫情,今次我們改辦 網上工展會,廠商對是否參展的反應比較慢熱,因為 他們不習慣。你可否分享一下貿發局的經驗?你們為 企業提供了什麼支援?

方:的確,企業在參加網上展覽初期有不少疑慮,例 如擔心貨品的真偽、在網上預約會議,不確定對方會 否出席等。因此貿發局運用在全球各地50個辦事處, 協助招募一些有信譽的參展商和買家參與網上展覽, 另外,同事會跟進參展商和主要買家的預約會議,如 中途遇到技術上的問題,我們也會迅速提供協助。

此外,我們亦會向參展商教授基本的網上營銷和拍攝 技巧,以增加產品的吸引力。針對買家的需要,貿發 網採購平台設有評級制度,因應供應商在平台上的資 料有多齊全、回覆客人查詢的速度等,分為金、銀、 銅3級,以供買家參考,增強他們的信心。

楊:正如你所講,在疫情下,企業除了數碼轉型,開 拓多元市場亦十分重要, 而內地、尤其是粵港澳大灣 區 正 好 為 我 們 提 供 很 大 商 機 。 貿 發 局 未 來 有 何 新 政 策 和服務,協助港企進軍大灣區市場?

方: 商界講要發展國內內銷市場講了很久,但真正 付諸實行的並不多,事實上,內地市場與傳統的歐 美市場截然不同,一時間要企業適應內地市場並不 容易。所以我們新一年會以大灣區為工作重點,推出 GoGBA」平台,涵蓋大灣區各個內地城市的市場和 政策資訊,亦會提供工作坊和諮詢服務。另外,我們 將在深圳辦事處設立 T-box 大灣區服務中心,以便香 港企業和當地企業進行對接,協助他們先探索大灣區 市場,繼而到內地其他省市發展。



方舜文預期,數碼化的趨勢在未來 10 至 15 年會不斷加強 Fong expects that the digitalisation trend will continue to grow in the next 10 to 15 years

大灣區的消費者已經很成熟,他們不光考慮商品價錢, 亦十分重視商品的品質、設計以及科技含量,這些正 正是香港產品的優勢。因此我們正構思在大灣區舉行 展覽會,安排買家與港企做配對,亦會預留幾天讓當 地消費者入場。

如果企業希望長期開拓內銷市場,他們可以透過貿發 局的香港設計廊銷售產品;如果他們有興趣在當地發 展網上銷售,則可以經網上設計廊,將產品放上淘寶 和京東這兩大電商平台銷售。凡此種種,都是希望提 供最方便的方法,讓企業踏出第一步,嘗試發展內銷 市場。

楊:除了內地市場,東盟市場亦是工商界很重視的市 場,你對東盟市場的發展前景有什麼看法?

方:東盟是一個比較多元化的市場,一方面她是製造 業基地,尤其未來中美關係不會因為有新的總統上場 而產生很大變化,因此「中國+1」的生產模式都會繼 續下去,而東盟會是很多廠商生產基地的選址。而在 投資方面,東盟一些國家已表明,希望往環保和智能 化方向發展,香港不少廠商都有這方面的技術可以分 享。第三,東盟有6億5,000萬人口,當中1億5,000 萬人屬中產階層,因此她作為銷售市場,亦有很大潛 力。

楊:在疫情新常態下,我們有挑戰,但亦有新的機遇, 總的來說,質發局對新一年的香港經濟前景有何預 測?

方:我相信新一年仍然是充滿挑戰,但起碼疫苗的出 現,讓我們見到曙光。我們亦估計,全球不同的經濟 體都會採取比較寬鬆的政策,讓工商活動不要因疫情 而全部停下來,所以我認為新一年的經濟情況會有所 好轉。而過去一段時間,我們看到很多企業、中小企 和初創,正正因為眼前的各種挑戰,靈活創新,反而 能脫穎而出,我深信有危亦有機的。 👀

The trading and logistics industry leads the four pillar industries that have made significant contributions to Hong Kong's economy. However, the past three years have seen crisis after crisis, from the China-US trade war to the local social turmoil and the COVID-19 pandemic. Fong believes that the pandemic has completely changed the industry's ecosystem. Companies must embrace innovation to succeed in this rapidly evolving environment.

Young: The COVID-19 epidemic has hindered global economic activities. From your observations, what changes will the epidemic bring to the ecosystem of the business community?

Fong: This epidemic has made everyone understand that "change is the only constant." In the past, many companies, especially SMEs, only focused on how to conduct physical business or developing a particular market. They would seldom make changes to their operation models. However, because of the epidemic, companies that are used to participating in physical exhibitions to secure orders must adapt to a digital business environment and participate

in online exhibitions. At the same time, as the European and American economies may take some time to recover, companies that have been focused on the US and Europe need to diversify.

The HKTDC held various virtual exhibitions in 2020. Feedback from exhibitors was that they were able to do actual business and connect with new buyers from countries they have not worked with, thereby expanding their customer base.

廠商習慣參加實體展會接觸客戶,但在新冠疫情爆發後,需要適 應線上展會新趨勢

Manufacturers are used to participating in physical exhibitions to conduct business activities. Because of the COVID-19 outbreak, they need to adapt to the new trend of virtual exhibitions



Young: I would like to share the experience of CMA. We all know our member companies used to take part in the physical Hong Kong Brands & Products Expo for years. Due to the pandemic, the latest expo has gone virtual. However, the response from manufacturers has been lukewarm, as they are not familiar with virtual exhibitions. Can you share the experience of the HKTDC with organising virtual exhibitions? What support have you provided to companies?

Fong: Indeed, companies may be hesitant when they first take part in virtual exhibitions, with concerns such as the authenticity of the products and whether the other party will show up for the virtual meetings. Therefore, I have tasked our 50 offices around the world to recruit reputable exhibitors and buyers to participate in our online exhibitions. In addition, our offices will follow up on the virtual meetings between our exhibitors and major buyers and provide immediate support in case of any technical issues.

We have also been teaching exhibitors some basic digital marketing and video shooting techniques that would enhance the presentation of their products online. Targeting buyers, we have launched a rating system on our "hktdc.com Sourcing" platform to rate the suppliers featured as "gold", "silver", or "bronze", based on the completeness of the information they provided and how fast they respond to buyers' enquiries. This system provides useful reference for buyers and enhances their confidence in sourcing via the platform.

Young: Just as you said: under the epidemic, it is also very important for companies to develop diversified markets in addition to digital transformation. The Mainland market, especially the GBA, has provided us with tremendous business opportunities. What new policies and services does the HKTDC have in mind to help Hong Kong companies enter the GBA market?

Fong: The business community has been talking about entering the Mainland domestic market for a long time, but not many companies have taken that step. In fact, the Mainland market is very different from the traditional US and European markets, and it may not be easy for companies to adapt to this new market instantly. To help interested companies, we have made the Greater Bay Area a key focus in 2021. We will launch a "GoGBA" platform which will provide policy and market information on the 11 GBA cities plus advisory service and workshops. In addition, we will establish a T-box GBA Centre in our Shenzhen Office to facilitate business connection between Hong Kong and companies from other GBA cities. The aim is to help Hong Kong enterprises to start with the GBA market before expanding to other provinces and cities on the Mainland.



東盟是一個多元化的市場,不僅是一個製造基地,而且具有龐大的消費市場和投資潛力

The ASEAN market is diversified. Not only is it a manufacturing base, it also has enormous potential as a consumption market and investment destination



Consumers in the GBA are sophisticated and will consider not only the price but also product quality, design and technology content when making a purchase, considerations which play to the strengths of Hong Kong products. We are hence planning to organise an exhibition in a Mainland GBA city to connect buyers from the region with Hong Kong enterprises. The exhibition will also be open to consumers on several days.

Additionally, companies wishing to develop the Mainland market in the long run can sell products through the HKTDC Design Gallery. And if they are interested in developing e-commerce on the Mainland, they can place products on the Design Gallery's online shop on Taobao and JD. All these measures are intended to provide the most convenient channels for companies to take the first step into the Mainland market.

Young: In addition to the Mainland market, the ASEAN market is also important to the business community. What is your opinion on the development prospects of the ASEAN market?

Fong: ASEAN is a relatively diversified market. On the one hand, it is a manufacturing base. As China-US relations are not expected to change significantly under the new US Administration, the "China + 1" production model will continue with ASEAN becoming a second production base for many manufacturers. As for investment, a number of

ASEAN countries have stated their intention of moving in the direction of green and smart development, areas where many Hong Kong manufacturers can share their experience and technologies. It is also worth noting that ASEAN has a population of 650 million, of which 150 million belong to the middle class, offering companies an attractive consumer market.

Young: Under the new normal of the pandemic, we have challenges and opportunities. As a whole, what are the HKTDC forecasts for the new year?

Fong: I believe the new year will still be full of challenges, but at least we can see light at the end of the tunnel with the emergence of vaccines. We also expect different economies around the world to adopt relatively less drastic pandemic control measures to avoid business activities from coming to a complete halt. Thus, I believe that economic conditions will improve in the new year. In the past year, we have seen many companies, including SMEs and start-ups, rise rapidly during challenging times through innovation. I am hence convinced that crises and opportunities go hand in hand.

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廠商會史立德會長 CMA President Dr Allen Shi

助業界走出「疫」境把握國家新時代機遇

Navigating Through Crisis and Embracing the New Era of National Development

過去一年,香港經歷世界百年未遇的大變局,工商界遭受前所未有的挑戰。來到 2021 年,陰霾尚未散去,在這個非常時刻接棒,成為廠商會新任會長的華彩集團有限公司主席史立德博士,誓言上任後會積極支援業界走出困局,並透過推動「再工業化」,和協助港商融入國家的發展大局,鼓勵業界抓緊「後疫情時代」的發展機遇。

Over the past year, Hong Kong has undergone profound changes unseen in a century, and the industry has been confronted with unprecedented challenges. As 2021 unfolds, the gloomy haze has yet to dissipate. In this context, Dr Allen Shi Lop Tak, chairman of Brilliant International Group Limited, has been elected as the new president of the CMA. He promises to support industry as it rides out the predicament while continuing to promote reindustrialisation, as well as to encourage Hong Kong's businesses to integrate themselves into overall state development and seize opportunities in the post-epidemic era.

力 入廠商會已有 18 個寒暑的史會長坦言,能夠當 選會長是一份莫大的光榮,更是任重道遠,尤 其是本港正處於「內憂外患」的艱難時期;「不少中 小企早已因中美貿易糾紛和社會事件而飽受重創,而 2019 冠狀病毒病疫情的打擊,對各行各業而言更是 『屋漏偏逢連夜雨』。」

靈活應對疫後新常態

「企業要成功實踐數碼化升級,除了要採用先進的硬件技術和設備外,亦要重整和提升於客戶關係、銷售流程、營運策略以至推廣宣傳等方面的『軟實力』,才能真正達至數碼轉型。」史會長解釋道。

企業要徹底轉型除了要改變自身的思維尋求突破外,政府的支持亦至為關鍵,特別是資源有限的中小企,史會長希望政府能設立恆常化的措施和計劃,協助企業持續加強網絡推廣、數碼化方面的「軟技能」,提升業務效率和競爭力。



史會長鼓勵業界加快「出□轉內銷」,開拓電子銷售渠道,抓緊國家「內循環」商機

President Shi encourages industry to accelerate the shift from exports to domestic sales, explore e-commerce and seize the business opportunities offered by the internal circulation strategy

致力促進「再工業化」

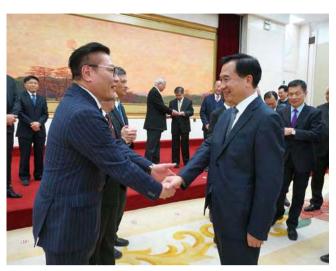
史會長表示,上任後將積極敦促特區政府以更開放的思維,為「再工業化」發展建立長效的支援機制,透過土地、稅務、人才引進以及法規等方面的便利措施,增加企業在港投資製造業的誘因。在珠三角地區發展的港商是本港製造業的重要一員,對香港的發展同樣有莫大貢獻,故史會長亦期望政府能投放更多資源,支援他們加快升級轉型和實現可持續發展。

創新科技是推動「再工業化」、引領企業朝高增值發展的重要基石。史會長認為,本港的創科政策應以促進科研成果商品化為重中之重;並透過加強「官產學研」和粵港兩地研發及學術機構的合作,協助傳統產業突破關鍵共性技術的瓶頸。

融入國家發展大局

早在80年代已北上設廠的史會長,見證着國家改革開放以來的種種成就,他感慨不論是自身抑或是香港整體發展的成功關鍵,都離不開國家。隨着國家積極構建國內國際「雙循環」的新發展格局,史會長鼓勵港商抓緊當中的「內循環」契機,加快拓展內銷市場,在「疫」境下創出另一片天。

「港商必須明白內地並非一個單一市場,而是由不同成熟程度的市場混合而成,因此絕不能以以『內循環』。」史會長提醒界於進軍內地市場前,應先根據內地不同省市消費者的需要、消費模式和文化,為公司的產品、供應費的需要、消費優化,並積極利用創意和技術研發,增加產品在內銷市場的獨特性和價格競爭力。



President Shi (left) met the secretary of the CPC Guangdong Provincial Committee, Mr Li Xi (right), to share views on the development of the Greater Bay Area

大灣區機遇處處

問到在國際形勢風雲色變的情況下,業界該如何 走出困局?史會長指,雖然前路似是舉步維艱,但其 實近在咫尺早已有一個龐大的發展機遇 —「粵港澳大 灣區」。

「新冠肺炎疫情令全球經濟陷入深度衰退,但中國卻是極少數能有正增長的國家,而『粵港澳大灣區』是國家經濟實力最強的地方之一,市場規模達7,000萬人口,絕對不容小覷!」他期望,港商能以大灣區

作為拓展內銷的起步點,以優質的產品質素去迎合大 灣區內龐大中產消費群的需求,並利用電子營銷等新 興的銷售渠道,進一步開拓內地市場,藉此抵銷外圍 政經局勢不穩所帶來的負面衝擊。

為協助業界進一步把握大灣區商機,史會長表示,任內將積極向粵港兩地政府反映業界的聲音,並向有關當局爭取為港商拓展內銷「拆牆鬆綁」,於大灣區推行更多先行先試的便利措施,鼓勵業界抓緊大灣區的商機。



史會長擔任會員事務委員會主席期間,積極增進會員之間的交流 和聯誼

While serving as chairman of the Members Affairs Committee, President Shi actively enhanced communications and interaction among members

團結一致 傳承工業

人才是促進香港工業可持續發展的首要元素,更會長一向熱心支持教育,對廠商會的新一代亦寄,予厚率。 等;「我們的會員大多擁有雄厚的工商業基礎,予入多擁有雄厚的工商業基份年龄,加強培育生活。 一次,如推薦年青會員參與公職、加入有關工商諮詢、 構組織,加強他們與政府的聯繫,以擴闊視野, 後的傳承作好準備。」

處理繁忙的公務以外,史會長參與不少社會事務 和擔任各項公職,同時又能兼顧養馬的興趣,名副其 實是個時間管理達人。他笑言自己已為全情投入會長 工作做好準備,同時亦感謝家人對其接任廠商會會長 一職的支持。

展望未來三年的任期,史會長深信縱然前路看似 荊棘滿途,但只要業界與廠商會能夠團結一心,定必 能披荊斬棘,攻堅克難,為香港工業續創光芒,開出 一條康莊大道。 Amember of the CMA for 18 years, President Shi said it is a great honour and enormous responsibility to be elected president of the organisation, particularly in this very difficult period characterised by both internal and external threats to Hong Kong.

"SMEs have already suffered huge losses due to China-US trade disputes and social turmoil", he said. "The additional impact from the COVID-19 epidemic has exaggerated the damages to all businesses in Hong Kong."

President Shi has a worker's background, and with his spirit of courage and perseverance, he established his printing empire from scratch. Hong Kong's manufacturing industry has collectively experienced some of the biggest hurdles in its history, including those of the Asian financial crisis, SARS and the 2008 global financial tsunami. As for the COVID-19 pandemic, President Shi described it as the most severe ordeal he has experienced in his decades as a businessperson. Therefore, his priority is to ask the government for more policy and financial support for the

business community to help it manage its difficulties. He has also urged authorities to get the outbreak under control as soon as possible to create favourable conditions for the restoration of cross-border personnel exchanges and an economic recovery.

Flexible response to the new normal

Through his years of business operation, President Shi has adhered to a philosophy of innovation and adaptability to change while delivering products of exceptional quality. He firmly believes that a willingness to change is the secret to business success and the only solution in any crisis. The pandemic has completely changed people's lifestyles, and it has become more important than ever for companies to engage in digital transformations.

"E-commerce has become the primary sales channel", he said. "If businesses can speed up the development of online sales platforms, they can definitely inject new energy into their business development.



香港城市大學命名其一間行政教室為「史立德行政教室」,以表彰史會長對學校的支持及慷慨捐助

City University of Hong Kong named one of its executive classrooms the "Allen Shi Lop Tak Executive Classroom" in recognition of President Shi's support and generous donations to the university

"To achieve genuine digital transformation, other than introducing advanced hardware and equipment, businesses also need to improve their 'soft power' in terms of customer relationships, retail and operation strategies and marketing and promotions", President Shi added.

In order to succeed in business transformation, apart from changing mindsets and seeking breakthroughs, government support is crucial, especially for SMEs with limited resources. President Shi hopes that the government can set up regular support programmes to help enterprises strengthen their soft skills; these include online marketing and digital upgrading to improve business efficiency and market competitiveness.

Committed to promoting reindustrialisation

Reindustrialisation is the new engine for Hong Kong's industrial development. Under the leadership of former presidents, CMA has actively promoted the concept of Industry 4.0 to the business community and provided extensive policy suggestions to the government. President Shi will continue this mission and urge the government to formulate a comprehensive strategy and develop measures that support reindustrialisation.

"In recent years, investments in innovation and technology infrastructure, talent training and scientific research projects have achieved initial results", he said. "We can say that reindustrialisation has successfully begun, but to go higher and farther, we must break away from the narrow economic structure."

After taking office, President Shi will urge the government to adopt a more open mindset in order to establish a long-term support mechanism for the development of reindustrialisation. The government should increase policy and financial incentives for corporations to invest in local

manufacturing; such tools should include land, taxation, talent introduction and regulations. As a matter of fact, Hong Kong businesses located in the Pearl River Delta region play a crucial role in the local manufacturing industry. They have also made significant contributions to the development of Hong Kong. Therefore, President Shi hopes that the government can allocate more resources to encourage these businesses to speed up their upgrades and transformations towards sustainable development.

Innovation and technology (I&T) has always been an important backbone for reindustrialisation as well as allowing enterprises to move towards high value-added development. President Shi believes that Hong Kong's I&T policy should focus on facilitating the commercialisation of scientific research. These measures can also allow traditional industries to break loose from the bottlenecks of key common technologies by strengthening the collaboration among government, industry, academics and researchers as well as the partnership between research and academic institutions in Guangdong and Hong Kong.



史會長(右三)曾代表會方接待多個外國貿易團。圖為杜拜出口局訪問團

President Shi (third from the right) had received many inbound trade missions to foster bilateral trade and investments. Pictured is the delegation from the Dubai Exports

Integrating into country's overall development

President Shi, who established his factory in the Mainland in the 80s, has witnessed the outstanding achievements of state development since reform and opening up. From his point of view, the success of personal achievements or the overall development of Hong Kong is closely connected to state development. Because the state recently unveiled its dual circulation strategy, President Shi encourages Hong Kong businesses to seize the business opportunity in the internal circulation strategy and accelerate the expansion of the domestic sales market, thus opening new horizons in the context of the pandemic.

"Hong Kong businesses must realise that the Mainland is not a single market but rather a mixture of markets with different maturity levels", he said. "Therefore, they must not attempt to access the Mainland market with just one product fit for all consumers."

President Shi noted that before entering the Mainland market, the manufacturing industry should perform regional research and optimise its products, supply chains and sales channels according to consumer needs, consumption patterns and the cultures of different cities. Innovation and research and development are also important to sustaining competitiveness in the domestic market.

In addition to the Mainland market, ASEAN is also an important market for Hong Kong businesses. China and multiple Asia-Pacific countries have recently signed the Regional Comprehensive Economic Partnership (RCEP) free trade agreement. President Shi encourages Hong Kong businesses to make good use of the BUD Fund and other resources provided by the government to develop emerging markets, such as those of ASEAN.



2017年,史會長獲香港理工大學頒授大學院士榮銜 In 2017, President Shi was awarded a fellowship by Hong Kong Polytechnic University

"In fact, many Hong Kong companies have already established production lines overseas", he said. "The RCEP encouraged them to adjust their industrial distribution to establish a more comprehensive supply chain and improve production efficiency and market competitiveness."

Once the pandemic is over, President Shi is going to organise a series of delegations to countries along the Belt and Road Initiative, especially the ASEAN countries, to learn more about the latest developments in these emerging markets. Hong Kong businesses should all be well prepared for the challenges that will come with the restructuring of the global industrial chain.

Booming opportunities in the Greater Bay Area

When asked how industry can ride out the storm in an ever-changing international environment, President Shi indicated that though the road ahead seems difficult, there is a significant development opportunity right in front of the business community: the Guangdong-Hong Kong-Macao Greater Bay Area.

"The global economy has plunged into the most severe recession because of the COVID-19 pandemic, yet China is one of the very few countries that has retained positive growth", President Shi said. "With a market of 70 million people, the Greater Bay Area is recognised as one of the regions with the strongest economic capacity. Its development potential can never be underestimated."

President Shi hopes that Hong Kong companies can expand their domestic sales and develop high-quality products to cater to the needs of middle class consumers. If Hong Kong companies can also make good use of emerging

e-commerce and sales channels, such as online shopping platforms, to further develop the mainland market, they can offset the negative impacts of the external political and economic situations.

To help industry further seize business opportunities in the Greater Bay Area, President Shi said he will actively convey industry's opinions to the Hong Kong and Guangdong governments. He added that he will lobby the relevant authorities to tear down barriers to help expand domestic sales for Hong Kong businesses. He hopes that the authorities can adopt more early and pilot measures to improve business environment and encourage industry to grasp business opportunities in the region.

Passing on the torch

Talent cultivation is essential to promoting the sustainable development of Hong Kong's manufacturing industry. President Shi has always been enthusiastic in supporting the development of local education. He also has high hopes for new members of the CMA.

HONG KONG

"Most of our members have strong and solid industrial and commercial backgrounds", he said. "CMA will continue to play the role of supporting and cultivating young industrialists. For examples, we will support our young members to participate in the public service and take part in relevant advisory boards to enhance their ties with the government."

Over the years, President Shi has participated in considerable charitable and social work and held various public offices. He is also a fervent lover of equestrian sports. With such diverse interests and a dedication to social responsibility, President Shi truly excels at time management. He said he is ready to devote himself to the work of president. At the same time, he thanked his family for supporting him in assuming the role.

Looking forward to the next three years in office, President Shi is convinced that CMA and business community can overcome all obstacles, even though the road ahead seems full of them. By working together as a team, CMA and the manufacturing industry can embrace a bright future.

史會長於 2017 年獲特區政府頒授銅紫荊星章 President Shi was awarded the BBS by the HKSAR government in 2017



史立德會長簡介

About President Allen Shi

史立德會長為華彩集團有限公司的主席兼創辦人,持有香港城市大學行政人員工商管理碩士學位,並先後獲多所學府頒授榮銜,包括林肯大學的管理榮譽博士,以及香港理工大學、加拿大特許管理學院和亞洲知識管理協會等所頒發的大學院士衛,2020年更獲香港工業專業評審局頒授榮譽院士榮銜。

史會長多年來積極投入公共事務,曾先後擔任 多項公職,包括香港貿易發展局理事會成員、香港 生產力促進局理事兼財務委員會成員、仙區委 任議員、香港青年工業家協會基金會會長、中華人 民共和國廣西壯族自治區省政協委員,以及商界助 更生委員會會長等。

熱心公益的史會長,亦曾出任慈善團體仁愛堂的董事局主席和香港馬主協會的會長。此外,他更設立不同的助學基金及向本地多間大學捐款,致力培育年輕人。為表揚其對社會和業界的貢獻,香港特區政府分別於2007年、2010年及2017年向他頒授榮譽勳章(MH)、委任其為太平紳士(JP)及頒授銅紫荊星章(BBS)。

Dr Allen Shi Lop-tak, chairman and founder of Brilliant International Group Limited, received an EMBA from the City University of Hong Kong. He has also received several honorary titles from various universities, including an honorary doctorate of management from Lincoln University and fellowships from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University, the Canadian Chartered Institute of Business Administration and the Asian College of Knowledge Management Association. In 2020, he became an honorary fellow of the Professional Validation Council of Hong Kong Industries.

President Shi has been dedicated to public affairs and has successively held a number of public offices, including council member of the Hong Kong Trade Development Council, member of the council and finance committee of the Hong Kong Productivity Council, councillor of Wong Tai Sin District, president of the Hong Kong Young Industrialists Council, member of the CPC Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region Committee and chairman of the Merchants Support for Rehabilitated Offenders Committee.

President Shi is also dedicated to community service. He had served as the chairman of the Yan Oi Tong board of directors and the president of the Hong Kong Racehorse Owners Association. He has also set up student funds and made donations to local universities to cultivate future social leaders. In recognition of his contributions to the community and industry, President Shi was awarded the Medal of Honour (MH) and Bronze Bauhinia Star (BBS) by the HKSAR government in 2007 and 2017 respectively, and was appointed as the Justice of the Peace (JP) in 2010.





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國內辦事處:深圳市光明區新湖街道樓村居委橋頭第一工業區 China Factory: No.1 Qiao Tou Industrial District, Lou Cun Community Council, Xinhu Street, Guangming XinQu, Shenzhen, China. 電話 / Tel : (86) 755 2715 6628 傅真 / Fax : (86) 755 2715 6398







副會長上任感言



常務副會長 **盧金榮博士** 太平紳士

很榮幸當選為常務副會長,特別感謝各位廠商 會前輩的提攜和支持!雖然擔子重了,但我定 當竭盡所能,協助業界渡過現時的困境,積極 為他們爭取更有利的營商環境。未來三年,我 將負責掌管廠商會的財務及會務宣傳,期望在 確保會內財政穩健的同時,亦能加強與傳媒的 聯繫,把本會的訊息和倡議更有效地傳遞給業 界和公眾。

盧金榮常務副會長為榮利集團(國際)有限公司董事總經理,經 營光碟產品及箱包製品、貿易及地產業務。本屆擔任廠商會財務 委員會主席、公關委員會主席及廠商會中學校監。

其他公職:中華海外聯誼會理事、福建省政協委員、中央撲滅罪 行委員會委員、香港貿易發展局理事、職業訓練局理事、香港檢 測和認證局委員、工商機構支援基金委員、香港商業道德發展諮 詢委員會委員等



過往三年,廠商會與業界走過很多艱難的時 刻,我亦深深感受到會內團結一心、攜手克服 挑戰的精神!接下來我將會出任總務委員會主 席,希望透過優化會內的組織架構,讓本會得 以更好地發揮支援業界的角色。

黃家和副會長為金百加集團主席,經營食品及餐飲業業 務。黃副會長亦擔任廠商會總務委員會主席。

其他公職:中國黑龍江省(第十一屆)政治協商會議政 協委員、香港食品及飲品行業總會主席、香港餐飲聯業 協會會長、香港咖啡紅茶協會主席、香港公益金名譽副 會長及香港品質保證局副主席等

44

感謝會董會上下的支持,讓我能再次當選副會長! 今年我將會迎接品牌局主席的新挑戰,希望能夠在 品牌創建和推廣方面為中小企提供更多支援,加強 提升香港品牌的優勢,協助業界把握大灣區龐大的 內銷市場。

> 陳國民副會長為德國寶(香港)有限公司董事 長,經營電器、廚櫃製造、零售及批發等業務。 陳副會長亦擔任香港品牌發展局主席。

> 其他公職:香港工商品牌保護陣綫主席、香港 電器業協會榮譽會長、香港模具及產品科技協 會名譽主席、香港遠紅外線協會創會及榮譽會 長、香港理工大學總裁協會理事長及佛山市順 德區外商投資企業協會會長等



副會長 陳國民博士 мн

非常高興能夠連任廠商會副會長一職,感謝 各位會董會成員對我的支持和信任。作為新 任廠商會工業及貿易委員會主席, 我將積極 就各項工貿政策,向政府和有關當局反映業 界的建議,促進本地工業持續發展。

吳國安副會長為亨亞(香港)有限公司董事總經理,經營生產電 鍍過濾泵、原料、代理 CNC 銑刀及鑽咀等業務。吳副會長亦擔任 廠商會工業及貿易委員會主席。

其他公職: 廣東省清遠市政協委員、黃大仙工商聯會副會長、香港電鍍業商會永遠榮譽會長、香港佛岡聯合會榮譽會長、香港經 貿商會副會長、清華大學(香港工商界)校友會榮譽會長等



吳國安先生

很開心能夠連任副會長,繼續為會員業界服務。未 來,我除了會繼續擔任社會及公益事務委員會主席, 善用資源以促進社會和諧之外,亦會出任商業服務 發展委員會主席,為業界引入更多適切的工商業支 援服務,幫助業界渡過難關。

> 馬介欽副會長為佳寧娜集團控股有限公司主席,經營酒 店、酒樓、餐飲食品、零售、房地產及物流等業務。馬副 會長亦擔任廠商會商業服務發展委員會主席及社會及公益 事務委員會主席。

> 其他公職: 原廣東省政協委員、香港九龍潮州公會永遠榮 譽主席、港九潮州公會中學校監、香港長沙商會會長、香 港潮屬社團總會常務副主席及香港工商專業協進會會長等



副會長 馬介欽博士



不經不覺加入廠商會已有14年了,很榮幸能 夠於今屆會董會擔任副會長一職,期望未來能 憑藉自己多年來於內地營商的經驗,為業界在 粤港澳大灣區發展爭取更多便利措施,協助他 們拓展內銷商機。

梁兆賢副會長為中華商務聯合印刷(香港)有限公司董事 總經理,經營印刷及出版等業務。梁副會長亦擔任廠商會 內地事務委員會主席。

其他公職:甘肅省政協委員、香港教育局印刷及出版業行 業培訓諮詢委員會主席、香港職業訓練局印刷媒體及出版 業訓練委員會主席、僱員再培訓局印刷及出版業行業諮詢 網絡召集人、香港印刷業商會會長、香港印刷媒體專業人 員協會榮譽會長及深圳外商投資企業協會副會長等



副會長 陳家偉先生 MH

46

很榮幸能夠當選新一屆副會長,感謝廠商會一眾前輩由我早年加入廠商會青委以來,一直給予我機會和指導。我希望能於疫情過後,帶領國際事務委員會組織考察團訪問『一帶一路』 沿線國家,鼓勵業界開拓新興市場。

陳家偉副會長為家得路天然健康食品有限公司主席及行政總裁,經 營健康食品業務。陳副會長亦擔任廠商會國際事務委員會主席。

其他公職:天津市政協委員、天津市青聯常務委員、獨立監察警方處理投訴委員會觀察員、香港保健食品協會榮譽會長、香港旅遊發展局優質旅遊服務小組委員會主席及香港零售管理協會執行委員等

46

非常榮幸能夠當選今屆廠商會副會長,在此特別 感謝一眾會董們的支持。未來三年,我將擔任 CMA檢定中心主席,希望憑藉自身實踐轉型升 級的經驗,積極推動『產學研』合作,協助業界 加快升級轉型,以促進香港『再工業化』的發展。

駱百強副會長為信達國際控股有限公司執行董事,經營成衣製造及出□業務。駱副會長亦擔任廠商會工業發展基金有限公司董事局主席。

其他公職:福建省政協委員、香港福建社團聯會港島東分會副會長、香港福建商會副監事長、香港製衣業訓練局委員會委員、香港東區各界協會副會長及世界泉州台商投資區總商會創會會長等



副會長 駱百強先生



很高興得到各位會董的支持,成功當選新一屆副 會長。展覽業務是廠商會的旗艦業務之一,但去 年工展會等大型展覽均受到疫情影響而被迫取 消,我期望今年社會能夠盡快走出疫情,讓本地 展覽業得以重振,為企業的銷售帶來轉機。■■

施榮恆副會長為恆通資源集團有限公司董事,經營紡織品貿易、 建築材料、房地產及投資等業務。施副會長亦擔任廠商會展覽服 務有限公司董事局主席。

其他公職:上海市政協常務委員及港澳總召集人、港區省級政協 委員聯誼會副會長、滬港經濟發展協會副會長、香港福建商會副 監事長及香港晉江社團總會副主席等

第 42 屆會董會名單 (2021-2023)

會長	史立德									
常務副會長	盧金榮									
副會長		黃家和 梁兆賢		陳國民 陳家偉		吳國安 駱百強		馬介欽 施榮恆		
常務會董	吳永嘉 李慧芬 蔡少森	莊家彬 李嘉音 顏明潤	吳清煥 李世傑 關溢康	楊華勇 孫榮良 鄧	楊志雄 方 平 胡詠琚	蔡志婷 黃 震 王象志	林凱章許章榮馬國言	黃偉鴻 劉健華 李嘉惠	徐晉暉吳長勝	
會	劉駱羅王李黃 張龐羅王李黃 張龐羅	余陳吳黃林劉王傅王立耀為詩蘭智淑承漢明雄棉岸詩穎筠蔭杰	尹李初倫陳佘黃陳德惠維達 瓊友曦	沈陳查賴梁梁施莫運偉毅偉日湘清慕龍文超星昌東咸潔	梁周鄧錢潘蔡楊柯偉維錦耀慶承莉家	盧劉洪李張劉馬高毓相明國永宗楚麗琳尚基明鴻明力芳	張周陳梁顏楊吳林呈紹長 明全碧志峰榮有麟秀盛君強	吳王羅何胡孔黃陳懿樂永偉子憲繼婉容得邦權岐榮雄華	鄭張林梁吳陳王吳文壽 承家日偉景	



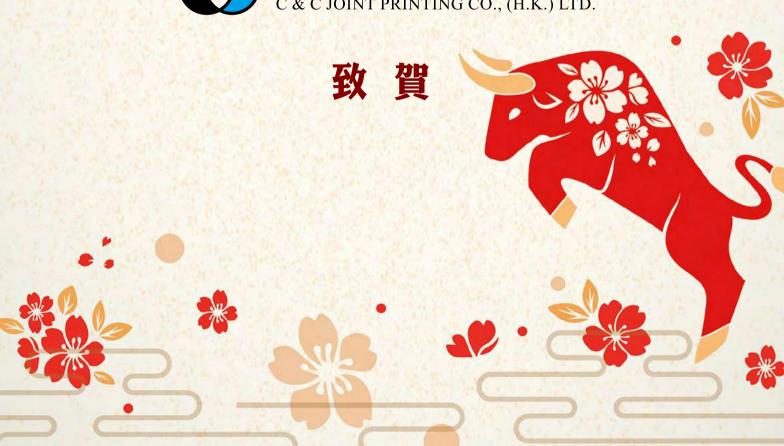
廠商會 常務副會長盧金榮





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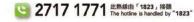
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Concerted Efforts for Better **Employment** Protection – Construction Industry



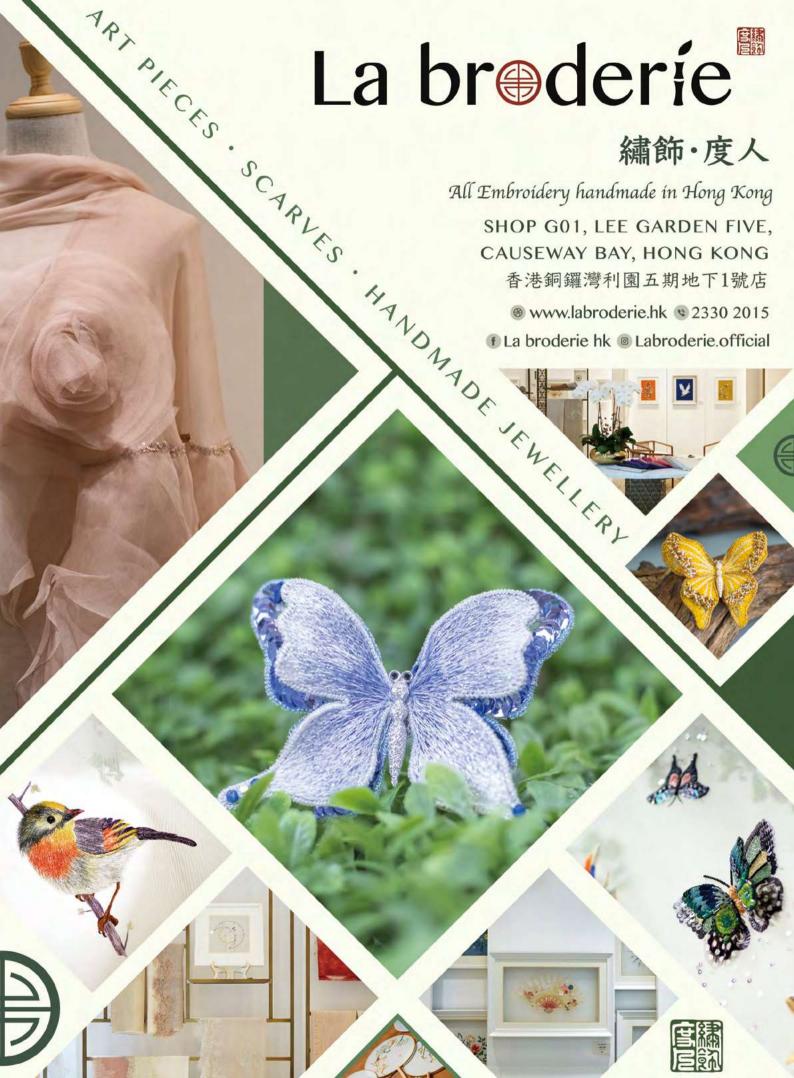
薩傭條例》 Enquiry about Employment Ordinance















質量功能屬基本要求 滿足精神更顯價值

陸教授認為,近年內地的消費者行為跟全球新興消費者趨勢一致,改變甚至更廣泛和深刻,這包括更多利用人工智能、講求即時回應、在家進行一切活動、本土化、更關注個人健康和環保等等,而隨着新冠肺炎疫情爆發,這些改變就更加明顯,並帶動零售業在營運和戰略上產生了重大變化。

他舉例指,國內近年出現了很多社區商場,這些商場布置得美侖美奐,甚至「景點化」,亦因為為克爾場只會選擇與其形象相匹配的商號;國內內電商發展一直蓬勃,近年更興起利用朋友圈等社交渠電和本土主播以直播作推廣,此外,線上信息收集宅家購物、非接觸配送、遠程控制、個性化服務等也是新興趨勢。

全渠道零售是指採用多元化零售渠道進行整合銷售,以滿足顧客購物、好樂和社交的綜合體驗需內地消費群大致分為三類,包括:整合代表。 多渠道性消費群,他們大多是成熟理智的一群主要利用移動渠道的年輕一族,以及圍繞興趣而衍生豐品牌社群,企業應採用相應的全渠道策略去提升和豐富顧客體驗。



大灣區消費行為調查 港品牌優勢漸淡



「香港・進・品牌大灣區」工作坊講者

認識國內商場新趨勢 增品牌認知度

商場是全渠道營銷的重要一環。另一工作坊講者 四象文化(中國)有限公司總經理陳偉明指,雖然近年國內線上消費不斷上升,但仍只佔整體社會消費總額25%左右,反映線下渠道仍十分重要,而商場因較容易捉緊顧客,是增加品牌體驗和認知度的一個重要起點。

對於如何利用商場去拉動產品品牌在大灣區的發展,陳偉明指不同商場的地點、定位及消費群有分別,企業可以借助與品牌形象相配的商場,利用其優勢和資源(如會員、線上平台)增加目標消費群對品牌的認知度和體驗,甚至與大牌子或藝術家聯乘,或與商場合作辦主題活動,於商場設置打卡點,讓消費者自發傳播,提高曝光率。

其他「香港·進·品牌大灣區」工作坊講者尚包括香港管理專業協會客座教授余富強博士、澳至尊集團創辦人及董事局主席蔡志輝及東莞得利鐘錶有限公司首席運營官劉仁。

「香港・進・品牌大灣區」項目獲得特區政府工業貿易署「工商機構支援基金」撥款資助院是不作坊外,項目還包括品牌展示、互動體驗營。、「香港品牌名冊」、企業範例研究、消費者問卷調查察、經驗分享會等活動,旨在協助企業把握大灣區消費文化的發展趨勢,提升香港品牌的集體形象和影響力。





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下去港品牌」無論是在科技、品質、設計,抑或服務水平等方面,都是有口皆碑,深受全球消費者歡迎。但近年香港成為中美角力的戰場,不單在內地設廠的港商受到美國加徵關稅的影響,在香港製造的輸美產品亦受打壓,令人擔心「香港品牌」的身份從此變得模糊,優勢會被削弱。

香港品牌之路該何去何從?廠商會頻道 Hashtag CMA 全新節目《論述縱橫》的首集,請來廠商會副會長兼香港品牌發展局(品牌局)主席黃家和擔任主持,與 3 名專家學者,探索香港品牌的優勢和出路。

創立品牌 加強優勢

雖然打造品牌並不容易,但專家均認為品牌對企 業有重要價值。香港生產力促進局總裁畢堅文表示, 以往香港廠家的運作模式以代工生產(OEM)為主,然 而 OEM 令廠商各方面的發展受制肘而不能自主,故 愈來愈多港企轉為發展自家設計生產(ODM)及自家 品牌生產(OBM),而擁有愈長歷史的品牌,「控制 權會落在企業手上而非客人手上」,其議價能力也會 較強。他認為發展品牌無論是對企業,乃至香港整體 發展都帶來重大機遇,因此生產力局鼓勵更多企業建 立自家品牌。

香港恒生大學市場學系副教授鄧子龍博士認同企 業開創品牌的必要性;他指出,建立自家品牌能夠讓 廠家在生產的價值鏈上增值。另外,香港文化中西合 壁,有豐富元素建立品牌故事,企業可以根據目標顧 客群的喜好,「投其所好」地包裝產品的故事。黃家 和主席亦指,擁有自己的品牌,有利企業的可持續發 展。

本地廚具品牌 Kool 聯合創辦人江浩榗表示,擁 有自家品牌是企業保持競爭力的重要優勢,不過他提 醒,品牌需要經年累月地建立;「不作投資或付出, 不會有回報,更需要創新求變,不斷改善。」

另外,根據聯合國教科文組織的數據,香港投放 在研發方面的資金,僅佔全港 GDP 的 0.7%,遠遠 不 及 鄰 近 的 內 地 (2.0%)、日 本 (3.4%) 和 南 韓 (4.3%)。鄧博士認為,未來政府和商界應投入更多





品牌局主席黃家和擔任首集《論述縱橫》的主持,與嘉賓探討香 港品牌的出路

美國制裁不影響「香港品牌」優勢

去年美國不顧國際秩序,單方面要求「香港製造」 的輸美產品更改產地來源標籤。畢總裁認為,美國的 「制裁」只是單一事件,廠商亦非一定要出口至美國, 加上特區政府已向世界貿易組織申訴,相信事件對港 商的整體影響不大。惟消費者較重視食品、中藥、保 健品及個人衛生用品的產品來源地(COO),故這些 行業會較受制裁措施的影響。

鄧 博 士 認 為 , 產 地 來 源 標 籤 主 要 用 來 滿 足 法 律 上 的要求,廠商可以善用包裝設計來凸顯產品的香港製 造、設計或香港品牌身份。他續指,不同消費群對產 品來源地的關注度各有不同,建議企業應花多一點功 夫研究目標客戶群對產品 COO 的重視程度,並制訂應 對方案。

江浩榗公司的產品有出口至歐美市場,他表示, 顧客主要關心其產品是否由「香港設計」,或會否有 創新元素;「『香港品牌』的價值並非一定來自「香 港製造」,由『香港設計』的產品亦有相同價值」, 故美方制裁對其業務影響不大。

「就近」發展成大趨勢

新冠疫情下,全球經濟嚴重委縮。黃主席引用早前品牌局所作的一項調查指,不少企業為應對外貿需求變化,未來一年會集中發展香港本土、大灣區以及東盟等周邊市場。江浩榗指,其公司在疫情期間亦開始拓展東南亞市場,因為距離較近,如有突發事情要處理或到當地開會亦較方便。

近年香港政府推出許多不同的資助計劃,協助時期,協助日本企開拓新市場,如 BUD 專項基金(EMF)等。畢總裁指 BUD 專頭協立金資 EMF)等。畢總裁指 BUD 專題的最高由 200 萬元增至 400 萬元增至 400 萬元增至 400 萬元增至 400 萬元增至 400 萬元增至 400 萬元,前期的撥款亦、設計至 75%,申請額可用於當地購買機器。一旦與 10 人。 10 人。 10 人。 10 人。 11 人。 12 人。 13 人。 14 人。 15 人。 16 人。 16



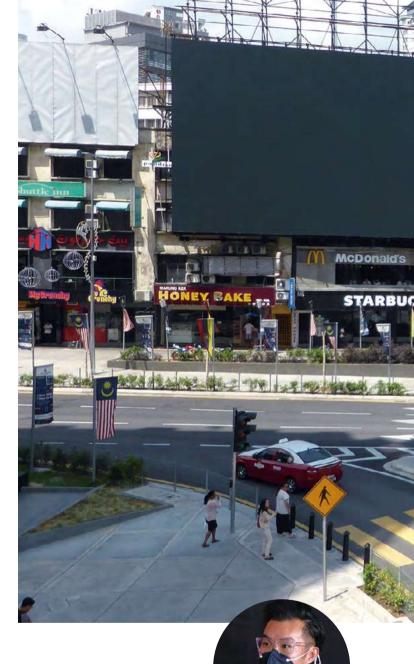
香港生產力促進局總裁 **畢 堅 文**

『香港製造』這個標籤並不是屬於美國,而是屬於我們香港人,是我們自己的資產,所以無論如何都不能夠放棄,亦要大力爭取。 ■■

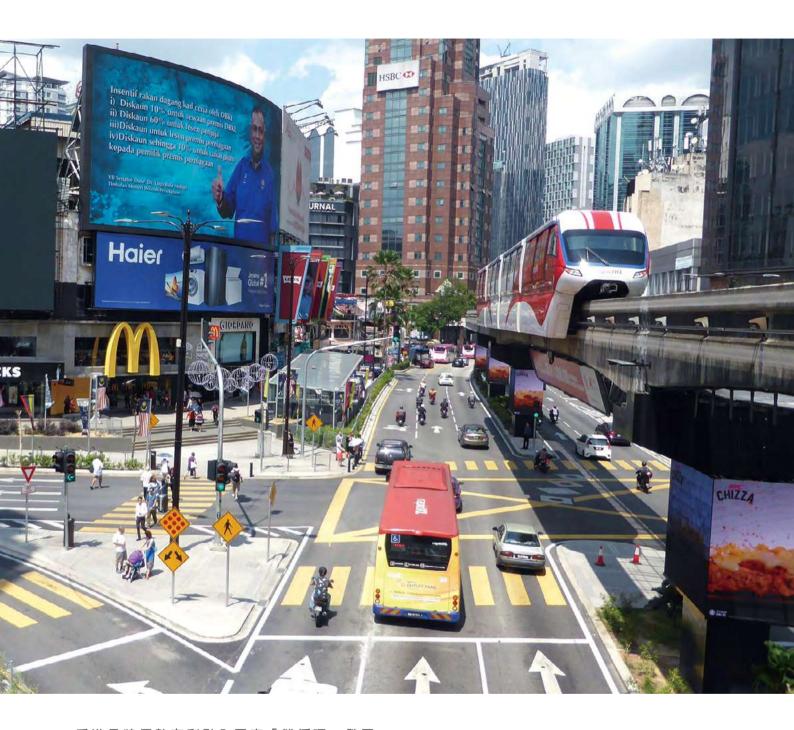


香港恒生大學市場學系副教授 **鄧子龍博士**

除了品牌營銷,廠商還應著重產品研發。



本地廚具品牌 Kool 聯合創辦人



香港品牌優勢有利融入國家「雙循環」發展

對於香港在國家「雙循環」新發展格局的角色, 三位嘉賓均抱有正面看法。鄧博士指出「內循環」即 內銷,以大灣區市場為例,將為港商提供一群龐大的 潛在顧客。他引述調查指,中國人最喜歡購買由中國 製造的產品,全國各地當中,他認為國內消費者對香 港產品最有信心,所以香港品牌在打入國內市場絕對 有優勢。

而在「外循環」方面,香港則可以發揮中間人的 角色;相比國內,香港的人才更熟悉海外市場,香港 可作平台幫助國內品牌「走出去」,進軍海外。

畢總裁補充,香港除了擔任金融中心的角色外, 更要落實做好國際的創科中心配合國家發展,這也是 國家給予香港的任務。而香港擁有方方面面的專業人 才,只要能好好運用,加上香港本身在創新、產品設 計方面的優勢,一定能把握「雙循環」機遇。

與大灣區城市互相合作 以達到持續發展

內地各城市發展急速,在不少領域更反超香港, 是否意味香港的優勢和競爭力不再?鄧博士對此並不 認同,他認為香港正在進步,提升實力,並鼓勵香港 企業要繼續創新,推出更多新設計,滿足顧客需求。 他續說,與其不斷和國內城市競爭,不如考慮和他們 合作,探索如何將兩地的優勢結合互補,締造雙贏。



次論壇邀請了香港特區政府商務及經濟發展局邱 大 騰華局長擔任主禮嘉賓,而專題討論環節,則請 來廠商會永遠名譽會長黃友嘉擔任主持,與廠商會永 遠名譽會長吳宏斌、香港應用科技研究院有限公司行 政總裁周憲本以及前香港科技大學經濟學系雷鼎鳴教 授交流互動。

總結 2020 年經濟環境

邱局長致辭時以3個「P」來總結去年的環球 經貿形勢,分別是 Pandemic(全球性流行病)、 Protectionism (貿易保護主義)和 Prepareness (作好 準備)。他指出,疫情仍在主宰人類的日常生活和經 貿活動,經濟復蘇之路將會荊棘滿途,因此企業需本 着「邊走、邊打、邊學」的態度,以應對各類的轉變 和挑戰。



邱局長表示,香港特區政府正從三方面入手,與 企業共同渡過逆境,以及為重啟經濟做好準備;第一, 積極融入國家「雙循環」經濟發展新格局,不只要協 助企業把握龐大的內地市場,還要推動他們進入國際 市場,開拓更多經貿領域。第二,兼顧香港貨物貿易 和服務貿易;在貿易保護主義的威脅下,政府會加強 協助專業服務提供者走出香港,並依賴更多國際認可



的商貿準則,包括簽訂國際自由貿易協議、加入多邊組織等,開拓新商機。第三,加強對中小企和各行業現有的支援;包括額外注資予「發展品牌、升級轉型及拓展營銷市場的專項基金」(BUD Fund)及「中小企業市場推廣基金」(EMF Fund)、擴大基金的資助範圍及申請資格等,從而惠及更多中小企開拓新市場。



創科發展成大勢所趨

香港應用科技研究院有限公司行政總裁周憲本亦指,在疫情和保護主義的衝擊下,技術應用變得愈來愈廣泛,加速了企業升級轉型的步伐伐,導致市場對創新及科技行業人才的需求增加。他表示,香港政府已在吸納及培養創科人才方面下了不少功夫,包括與金管局和大學機構制定不同的人才培育基金,以配合創科發展。

前瞻未來全球經濟格局

美國料重歸多邊主義

雷教授續指,在中美貿易戰和新冠疫情的雙重夾攻下,美國國力已顯著下降,加上美國前總統特朗普在任期間,一直實行單邊主義制度,不願跟從國際組織的規則,令美國失去不少盟國的信任;另一邊廂,最近中國與日本、韓國、澳洲及新西蘭以及東盟十國,簽訂了區域全面經濟夥伴協議(RCEP),該協定排

除了美國,成為全球最大的自由貿易區。因此他預料,拜登執政後將會重歸多邊主義,嘗試找回她的盟國,在各全球組織中重整旗鼓。由此觀之,過去幾年的關稅混戰可望消退,讓國際貿易秩序得以回復正常。

中國加快科技發展 成環球經濟新動力

除了在高新科技領域急速冒起,雷教授指,中國作為疫情中,第一個經濟復甦的大國,未來將成世界經濟的新動力,建議企業多留意內地的發展策略,來判斷未來的經濟政策,並積極參與和融入「大灣區」和「一帶一路」發展,發掘更多商機。



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陳 葆珊(Nicole)與姐姐陳葆恩 (Donna)自幼便喜歡儲文 具, 對日本文具、印章、手工藝更 愛不釋手,加上家人又從事紙廠, 知道設計對紙品價值十分重要; 「小時候家中堆滿了各式各樣的紙品,令我們了解到紙可以分好多 種,如果再配上設計,必定能夠為 紙品注入生命力,從此我對『紙』 便產生了興趣。」Donna說。 Nicole 也笑稱,看見姊姊房內收藏 的信紙,令她也迷上紙製品。

鍾情凹凸質感

後來, Donna 從外國書籍中認 識到活版印刷技術,第一次看到這 種工藝製成的紙藝品,即使未曾接 觸過實物,已對其獨有的凹凸感一 見鍾情。「當年紙藝品大都從外國 進口,我們均好奇為何香港沒有自 己的『特色』文具,於是我們決定 將自己設計的明信片糅合活版印刷 技術,製作一系列以香港為主題的 紙藝品,期望讓大家感受到這份傳 統工藝的人情味。」Donna說。



Nicole 初期用上世紀手搖印刷古董機做批量活版印刷

最初 Nicole 和 Donna 打算只做設計,製作則交由印刷廠負責,但很多印刷廠卻以其設計需印色太多,批量又少為由拒絕合作;「師傅說只印黑或紅色的紙品,那刻我們真的猶如站在人生十字路口,十分茫然。」不過,她們慶幸在網上找到有關手搖印刷機的資料,發現它也能夠做出凹凸效果,便毅然從美國購入一部「古董」機嘗試自行製作由 Nicole 設計的明信片,並創立了自家品牌 ditto ditto。

創業初期屢碰壁

Nicole 在美國修讀 Fine Art,畢業後曾在廣告公司從事設計工作。ditto ditto 所有出品,從設計到生產都由她一手包辦。不過創業之路總有挫折,當中最難倒她們的是懂得操作那部手搖機的師傅要麼已經退休,要麼未曾製作過有各種色彩的新式印刷品。

最終 Nicole 要專程前往美國洛杉磯參與 Printer Museum 舉辦的工作坊,回港後再拜師學藝,才能完全掌握箇中的技巧。「印刷聲是有節奏,聽聲就可以知道機器運作是否暢順,哪些零件出現了問題。」

活版印刷不只是一個生產過程,更是一種工藝。 訪問期間,Nicole 示範了如何操作印刷機和製作色 版,因為每次只可印一隻顏色,要調校到心儀的顏色 就要耐性和時間,印出來若位置不對圖案會有差距, 便要重新再印,少一點心思,也無法做到。Nicole 曾 試過花了 14 小時瘋狂拉動印刷桿,才能成功製作出 令她滿意的卡片,但她就是愛這種「慢工出細貨」的 成功感。



「創業首年,Ditto Ditto 產品全屬人手制,那時我們需要製作百多份年曆,每份有七版插畫設計,每一張紙則需要上色三次,每次印完一種色,要清洗印刷機配件,才能上另一種色,我們日以繼夜不停趕工,終能於一星期內完成訂單。」Nicole 認為人手製作年曆之珍貴是要讓收到的人感受到不一樣的細膩質感和温暖。

著重顏色設計

Nicole 對「美感」有一份執著的追求,她喜歡用墨水筆畫線條,因帶點不完美的粗糙,更認為手畫比電腦繪圖更有質感,又有粗幼變化;構圖也要花很多心思,每一幢建築物她都仔細觀察才動筆,也會配合不同的景物和人物。「而活版印刷就可以完美將這些線條印製出來,豐富了插畫的手繪風格,讓作品更添一份創新感。」

除了線條外,Nicole 也注重顏色。但她坦言,在設計創作時,最多只能使用二至三種顏色。「若要以多種顏色做設計,為何我不選擇柯式印刷呢?」不過,這種設計局限卻又能突出活版印刷的效果。



活版印刷步驟

⊂調色⊃

印刷前需要先為印刷油墨調色, Nicole 通常會根據 Pantone 來分配 顏色比例。







⊂砌版、鎖版⊃

製作電版,每種顏色均有專屬電版,之後再以 鉛塊固定電版的正確位置並上鎖,避免在印刷 期間出現走位情況。當時老師傅就將舊機器棄 置的零件,改裝成適合的鎖匙送給 Nicole。



⊂落色⊃

將油墨放在活版印刷機上。如果使用海德堡印刷機可直接將油墨放在滾軸上;若使用手搖印刷機,則可放在上面圓盤。

C印刷⊃

最後可以「撳掣」進行印刷。這時滾 軸會將顏色打勻,透過滾軸及墨轆將 油墨印在紙品上。



享受生活 感受慢活

Nicole 的設計靈感來自品牌名稱,ditto ditto有「同上」的意思,生活中就似一些不停重覆的節奏,但 Nicole 希望透過設計明信片,能把一些生活中微小而美好的事情呈現出來。「我們希望印製出充滿本土特色的紙製品,於是就將一些本地城市風景畫下來,製成明信片或卡片,給遊客帶來美好的回憶。」Donna 期望,產品能成為「港」手信。

如今 Ditto Ditto 的作品也可以在本港及海外各零售書店找到,兩姐妹亦積極與不同機構舉辦工作坊,推廣傳統活版印刷工藝技術,並希望能做出更多創新的可能性,活化這門工藝。



Nicole 後來購入半自動生產的海德堡印刷機,以節省生產時間。 她認為這些舊機器雖有不少缺點,但設計上可利用這些限制,製 作出各種特殊效果



活版印刷機:

風哨無照鏡





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温馨提示

根據香港特別行政區政府《商品說明條例》

4201原產地標籤的規定

目前並無法例規定在本港銷售的貨品必須貼上原產地標籤。

精明消費者購買電器前先查詢產地來源,並比較其他同類貨品,不同牌子的售價及產品功能,廣告內容可能誇張或誤導,若買 入物非所值的貨品就會浪費金錢及後悔。『企業責任』

Unit 1, Upper G/F., Newport Centre, 116 Ma Tau Kok Road, To Kwa Wan, Kowloon, Hong Kong

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香港信保局延長「百分百信用限額提升計劃」

港出口信用保險局早前公布,原定於去年 12 月 8 日到期的「百分百信用限額提升計劃」將會延期至 2021 年 6 月 8 日,以支持香港出口商,減輕放帳風險,把握疫情新常態下的商機。

政府在2020年6月透過信保局推出「百分百信用限額提升計劃」,將每宗買家信用限額提 升 1 倍,上限最高為 1 億港元或保戶保單的上限,涵蓋香港信保局承保的所有市場。 🚳



遙距營商計劃撥款 增至 19 億

新科技署日前公布,防疫抗疫基金下「遙距營 **創** 商計劃」的撥款由 15 億元增至 19 億元,為 收到的合資格申請提供資助,透過增加計劃的承擔 額,配合企業在疫情期間對遙距營商的殷切需求。

該署表示,企業對計劃反應熱烈,於2020 年5月18日至10月31日申請期內,共接獲逾 38,572 宗申請,約 95% 來自中小企。至今已有 25,930 宗申請成功獲批,涉及總資助額約14億 元,平均每宗獲批約6萬元。

計劃旨在資助企業採用資訊科技方案,在疫情 期間繼續營運和提供服務。已提交申請的企業可透 過網上系統查閱申請進度和管理申請。

貿發局料今年 出口指數升5%

港貿發局所公布的出口指數, 於2020年連續三季第四季的 16谷底反彈至第四季的 36.2,反映港商出口信心逐步改善,接近6成受訪者更指2021年 銷售額將增加或持平,貿發局因此 預測2021年香港整體出口貨值按 年升5%。

所有主要行業均錄得可觀增長,當中以珠寶業反彈幅度最為强勁,惟指數仍處於收縮範圍,未來的出口表現仍未明朗,港商尤其擔



心疫情反覆、全球需求減弱及中美貿易摩擦所帶來的影響。出口市場方面,內地、日本及東盟被看高一線,出口商對歐盟及美國的增長潛力稍欠信心。

展望未來的中美關係,貿發局研究總監關家明預期,地緣政局會變得更穩定及更能夠預測, 出口前景將會明朗化,但香港經濟出現 V 型反彈的機會不大。

(資料來源:香港貿發局)





「拍住上」資助計劃 將接受申請

鼓勵傳統金融機構夥拍金融科技企業就創新金融服務產品進行概念驗證測試,財經事務及庫務局日前推出「拍住上」金融科技概念驗證測試資助計劃,並將於今年2月26日至6月30日期間接受申請。

該計劃下,每個獲批的概念驗證測試項目,一般可獲最多100,000元的一次過直接資助。若有關測試項目涉及跨金融界別或跨境應用,例如粵港澳大灣區、東盟地區等,更複雜、廣泛的領域,則可獲最多150,000元的資助額。金融機構可自行為受資助的測試項目,提供額外資源。政府已預留1,000萬元,用於推行計劃。

財庫局局長許正宇表示,業界可透過相關計劃,提出和測試各項嶄新可行的金融科技應用方案及產品,尤以在合規科技、貿易融資、跨境支付以及人工智能投資顧問等,與日常經濟活動和民生相關的領域。



內地 12 月財新製造業 PMI 下降 料未來半年復甦強勁

地早前公布 2020 年 12 月份財新中國製造業 PMI(採購經理指數)錄得 53,較 11 月的十年來高點下降 1.9 個百分點,但仍處於擴張水平,顯示新冠肺炎疫情後經濟恢復仍在持續。

財新智庫高級經濟學家王喆預計,考慮到 2020 年上半年的低基數效應,後疫情時代經濟的恢復還將持續數月,未來半年宏觀經濟指標按年計亦將更趨強勁。 🚳

深圳推出 18 項 便利港澳居民新措施

為 推動港澳居民加快融入粵港澳大灣區建設,深圳日前推出 18 項措施進一步便利港澳居民在當地

就業方面,3項措施涉及港澳學生在深圳實習見 習就業、專業資質認定範圍和人才政策等。創業方面 包括 4 項措施, 涉及創業補貼、創新創業活動、深港 澳青年創新創業基地及創業引導基金等。

學習方面,6項措施包括港澳青少年交流、義務 教育、高校獎助學金、職業教育合作、交流,以及港 澳 機 構 辦 學 等。

至於生活方面則有5項,涉及居住證政策、人才 住房保障政策、交通優惠、深港澳社會保障合作和打 造綜合服務平台等。



New Patent System 新專利制度

Tailoring for Direct Patenting 為直接提交專利申請度身訂造

Effective from 19 Dec 2019, the new patent system in Hong Kong 自2019年12月19日起生效的香港新專利制度

- offers a direct filing route for seeking standard patent protection in Hong Kong
- refines the pre-existing short-term patent system to enhance its integrity
- prohibits use of misleading or confusing titles or descriptions relating to patent practice
- 為在香港尋求標準專利保護而提供 一條直接提交申請的途徑
- 優化既有的短期專利制度以增強其 公信力
- 禁止使用與專利從業有關並具混淆 性或誤導性的名銜或描述









香港塞爾維亞 稅務協定生效

香港與塞爾維亞於去年8月簽訂的《全面性避免雙重課稅協定》在完成有關的批准程序後,已於2020年12月30日生效,並就始於2021年4月1日或之後的任何課稅年度的香港稅項具有效力。

塞爾維亞參與「一帶一路」倡議,於2019年為香港的第89大貿易夥伴。有關協定可讓從事跨境商業活動的人士更清楚確定其稅務負擔,有助促進雙邊貿易和投資活動。

(資料來源:政府新聞網)

「大灣區青年就業計劃」 接受企業登記

政府早前公布推出「大灣區青年就業計劃」,鼓勵在本港及大灣區有業務的企業,聘請及派駐本地大學或大專院校畢業生,到大灣區內地城市工作,名額2,000個,當中約700個專為創科職位而設。

勞工處聯同創新及科技局已就計劃成立秘書處,負責處理企業申請和發放津貼。有興趣參與的企業可透過計劃的專屬網站,了解詳情及登記。



2020年廠商會獎學金頒獎典禮

方 商會於 2020 年 12 月 8 日舉行一年一度的廠商會獎學金頒獎典禮,表揚過去一年在學術方面有傑出表現的學生。

本會永遠名譽會長吳宏斌致辭時指,廠商會一向重視人才培育,自1964年起便推行「廠商會獎學金計劃」,向表現優異的學生頒發獎學金。去年廠商會籌得逾港幣21萬元,除了頒發獎學金予廠商會兩所學校的120名學生外,更會把款項用於兩所學校的各類校本計劃。他感謝各位廠商會首長、會董和會員企業的熱心捐獻,亦讚揚同學們在疫情下堅持不懈的學習態度。他勉勵同學要好好裝備自己,並多留意國家的最新規劃和發展,為未來作好準備。



吳宏斌永遠名譽會長(左)頒發獎學金予學生代表



史立德會長(右)頒贈紀念品予捐款人之一、梁兆賢副會長(左)

廠商會婦委選出 新一屆執委會



新一屆婦委雷蔡菊芬主席發表當選感言



一眾婦委成員出席 2021 至 2023 年度執委會選舉的合照

府 南會婦女委員會(婦委)已於去年 12 月 15 日舉行 2021 至 2023 年度執委會選舉,選出新一屆執委 會代表,由雷蔡菊芬女士擔任新一屆婦委執委會主席,而 方慧麗女士、吳柳咏女士、徐劉小珠女士及曾邱菊香女士 則為副主席。

主席雷蔡菊芬發表當選感言時指,未來將繼續秉承母會促進香港工商業發展的宗旨,積極參與社會公益服務,宣揚關愛社群、互助互愛的精神,推動婦女為社會作出貢獻,促進社會和諧。

「網上工展會」為市民帶來嶄新購物體驗



一眾廠商會首長出席「網上工展會」的新聞發布會





Employers Are Obliged To Pay Wages On Time

《僱傭條例》規定,僱主必須在工資期屆滿後或僱傭合約終止七天內支付工資給僱員。

The Employment Ordinance mandates an employer to pay wages to employees not later than seven days after the end of the wage period or the day of termination of employment.

拖欠薪金可被檢控·一經定罪·最高可被罰款 35萬元及監禁3年。

Any employer fails to comply is liable to a maximum penalty of \$350,000 and imprisonment for three years.

董事、經理或有關負責人同意、縱容或疏忽下 欠薪,也可能要負上相同刑責。

Directors, managers or responsible persons may be similarly liable to a penalty for their consent, connivance or neglect related to the offences.





勞工處 Labour Department 查詢熱線: **2717 177**1

(此熱線由「1823」接聽 The hotline is handled by "1823")

一如實體工展會」舉行期間, 大會每天推出低至1元和1折的「工展會」舉行期間, 產品供市民搶購,而參展商亦於不同活動時段推 55折以下的超值產品,讓市民「疫」市抗通脹 配合電商銷售新趨勢,大會在展會期間, 配合電商銷售新趨勢,大會在展會期間, 配合電商的帶貨直播,」直播節目,市民可獎互 類看參展商的帶貨直播,一邊大玩直播上的有獎互 遊戲,贏取總值港幣3萬元的豐富禮品。

廠商會永遠名譽會長吳宏斌指,受到疫情影響,企業開拓線上銷售業務已成大勢所趨,他相信「網上工展會」不但可為提振經濟出一分力,更可讓一眾參展商抓緊電子商務的龐大機遇,實踐數碼化轉型。

廠商會展覽服務有限公司主席徐晉暉則表示, 今次是工展會有史以來全面以線上形式舉行,為港 人帶來不一樣的新鮮感,亦是本會在抗疫新常態下 的新嘗試。他認為「網上工展會」能協助企業把握 聖誕新年旺季銷售機會,提升生意額。



廠商會首長與「網上工展會」合作伙伴中旅巴士商城及 SHOPLINE 代表一同主持啟動儀式



今屆「網上工展會」以虛擬技術呈現實體工展會的 6 大展區,為市民提供購物新體驗

「香港商界呈獻:2021-2022 施政報告 行政長官林鄭月娥女士主講」之網絡研討會





本 一份施政報告已於2020年11月25日正式公布,本會聯同香港總商會、香港中華總商會、香港工業總會、香港中國企業協會,以及多個香港外國商會於去年12月10日舉辦網絡研討會,邀得香港特區政府行政長官林鄭月娥擔任主講嘉賓,向工商界詳細闡述施政報告的內容,並解答與會者之提問。本會永遠名譽會長吳宏斌代表大會介紹行政長官的履歷。 ❷

1月 JANUARY

2020「香港名牌選舉」

2020「香港服務名牌選 舉」決賽

「DISC領袖培訓」網絡 丁作坊

12 「制定僱員家居工作政 策」網絡工作坊



「企業及部門績效管理」 18 網絡工作坊

會董會會議及晚宴

29

「CMA良倉牛年開心 運 財 Show」(Facebook

2月 FEBRUARY



2021-22 年度《財政預算 案》公布

會董會會議及晚宴 25

僱傭紀錄要備妥 勞資權益保障多

Proper Keeping of Wage and Employment Records



勞工處



https://www.lab our.gov.hk/tc/pu blic/pdf/wcp/Ke epRecord.pdf



https://www.lab our.gov.hk/eng/ public/wcp/Kee pRecord.pdf

《僱傭條例》規定,僱主須備存僱 員的工資及僱傭紀錄。詳情請參閱 《備存工資和僱傭紀錄》小冊子。

Under the Employment Ordinance, employers are required to keep employees' wage and employment records. Please refer to the booklet of "Proper Keeping of Wage Employment Records" for details.



勞工處勞資關係科各分區辦事處 Offices of Labour Relations Division, Labour Department

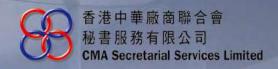












廠商會會員 「2021年特別優惠」

「香港中華廠商聯合會保險代理有限公司」及「香港中華廠商聯合會秘書服務有限公司」乃香港中華廠商聯合會的附屬公司,向會員及業界提供優質及全面的一般保險中介服務及成立公司/公司秘書服務。現提供以下2021年優惠給廠商會會員:

▶ 工商企業活動第三者責任保險 會員可享 8折優惠

本公司已經與保險公司商定,開放原本專為廠商會公開活動投保的1-2天小型活動第三者責任 (公眾責任)保險專案予全港中小企,各項保障均以定價提供,免卻每次報價程序,保證承保。

受保活動性質包括:舉辦會議/講座/展覽會-無分租攤位(室內或外)、推廣宣傳活動、簡介會、 歷奇活動、嘉年華會、典禮、慈善步行、球類比賽、攝影活動、賣旗日、賣物會-參加攤位、開 放日、境內旅遊、巡遊、派對/酒會、聯誼、聚餐、盤菜宴、運動會、團體訓練、露營/遠足等。

投保額: HK\$10,000,000或以下

■投保一天 (24小時內): 保費\$ 1,000(原價\$1,250) ■投保兩天 (超過24小時): 保費\$ 1,500(原價\$1,875)

※附加項目部分:團體意外保險(另行報價) 承保保險公司:中國平安保險(香港)有限公司 詳情致電: 2390 9811 CMAinsurance.com.hk

公司秘書服務 會員專享首年公司秘書服務 50% 折扣優惠!

在香港註冊的有限公司,公司運作必須遵守公司法,每年需要向公司註冊處提交報表及公司重要 變更。我們為客戶提供公司秘書服務以符合法例。

首年公司秘書服務費低至\$1,000!本公司秘書服務包括:

- ■出任為公司的法定秘書
- ■製作及遞交周年申報表
- ■製作股東周年大會會議文件
- ■製作及遞交更改公司註冊地址文件
- ■製作及遞交更改董事及秘書資料文件
- ■整理及更新公司的法定紀錄
- ■更新商業登記證

詳情致電: 3652 7676 CMAssl.com.hk



核酸檢測服務 (以深喉唾液取樣)

Boson快速SARS-CoV-2 抗原測試卡 (獨立包裝產品)



取得歐盟「歐洲議會和理事會關於 體外診斷醫療設備的認證 CE-IVD」



1-2個工作天內可獲報告結果



可作出境之用*



★ 由香港註冊專業技術人員操作



歐盟CE-IVD認證產品[^]



免疫色譜的體外測試



15-20分鐘測定鼻拭子樣本



縮減檢測所需時間及成本

如欲購買,請電郵至info@catagene.com.hk 與CaTAGene 團隊聯絡。



- 此測試用作初步飾查。
- 此測試不能排除因各種因素而引起假陽性或假陰性結果,必須配合醫生的其他臨床診斷以作出準確的評估。
- 在此階段收集的樣本可能含有低於測試劑敏感感度的抗原。因此,即使檢測結果為陰性,亦不能排除感染病毒的可能性。

